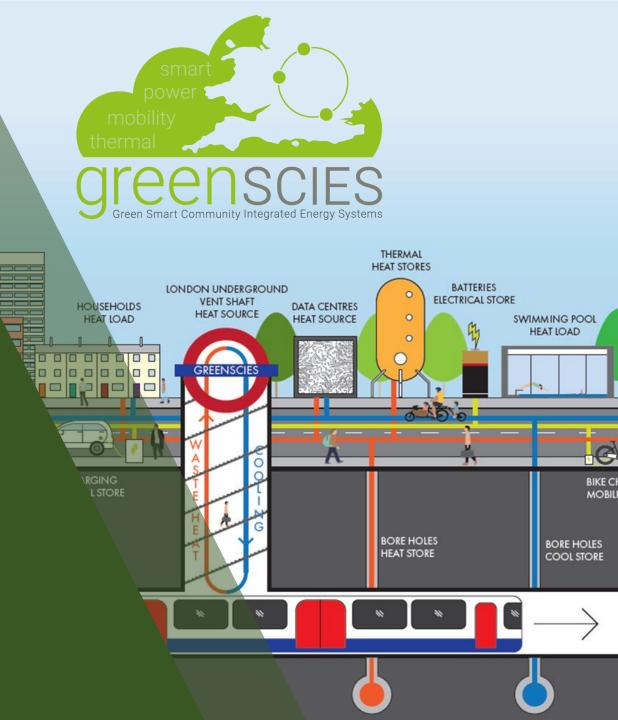
ISLINGTON CASE STUDY

GREENSCIES

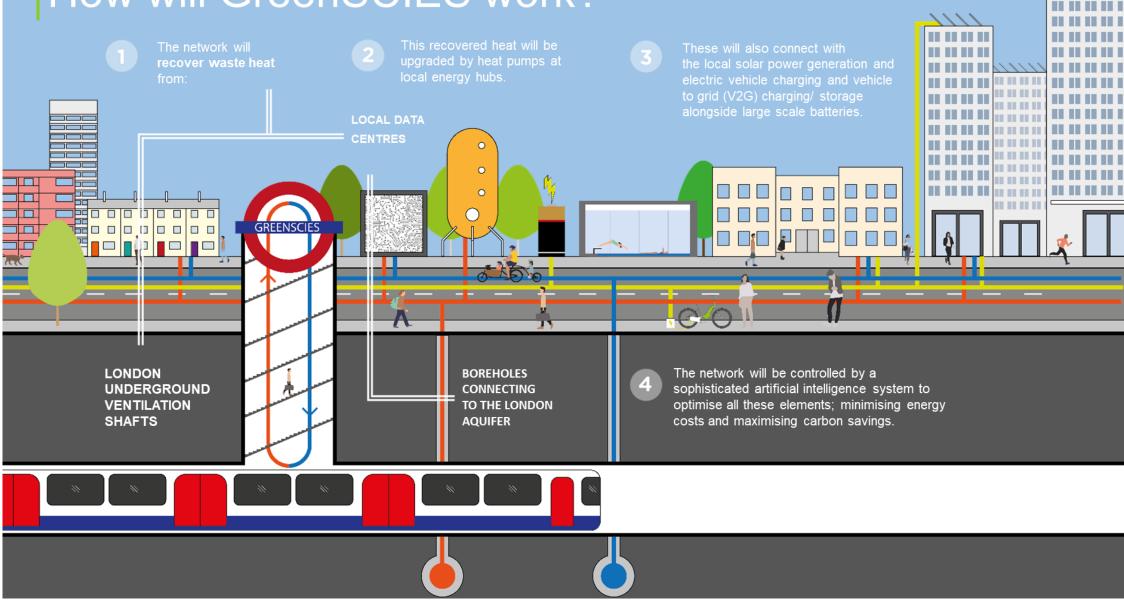
THE URBAN CASE

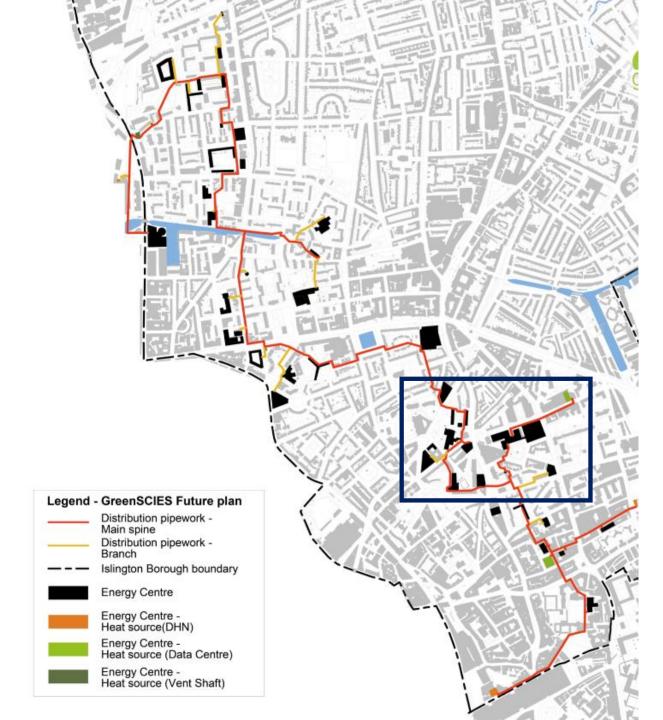
Graeme Maidment and Akos Revesz London South Bank University



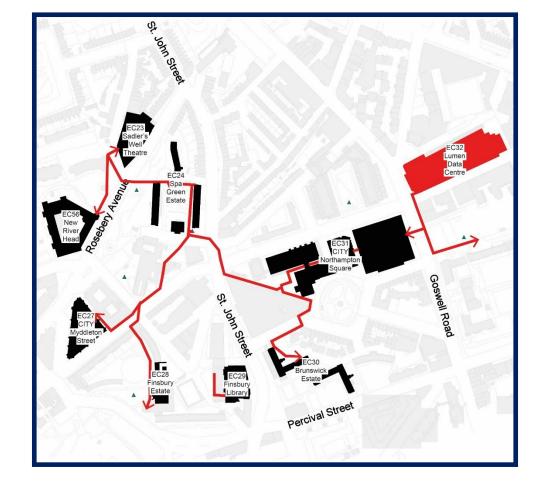


How will GreenSCIES work?





New River Scheme











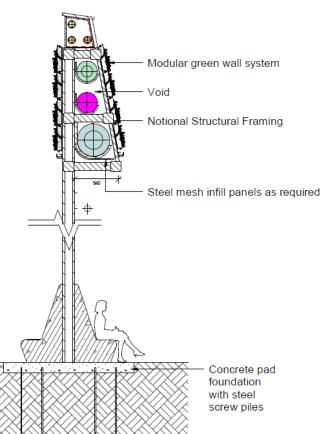
>2000 households

>44,000 MWh/yr Low carbon energy supply

49 EV charge points

>5000 t/yr

NOVEL AMBIENT LOOP PIPEWORK DESIGN





NEW RIVER VALUE STREAMS OVERVIEW

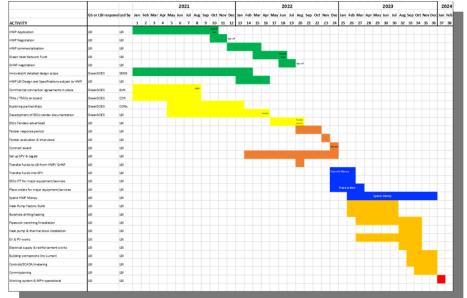
CHAMP (Cooling, Heating, and Mobility and Power) Integration

- Cooling produced as a bi-product of Heating
- Mobility shared capex but also V2G
- Power PV earns higher value or EV/HPs receive lower cost electricity but also with Flexibility by:
 - Picking the cheapest price periods reduces elec cost for HPs/Evs
 - Benefits include carbon savings
 - Additional flex services: Capacity Market, Balancing Mechanism, FFR
 - Heat/coolth/power storage important to maximise this

Control system will optimise CHAMP integration



CONSTRUCTION OF THE LBI TRIAL SCHEME





 Submitted to GHNF for commercialisation funding August

- Provide a pipeline for capital funding
- Strong likelihood of funding





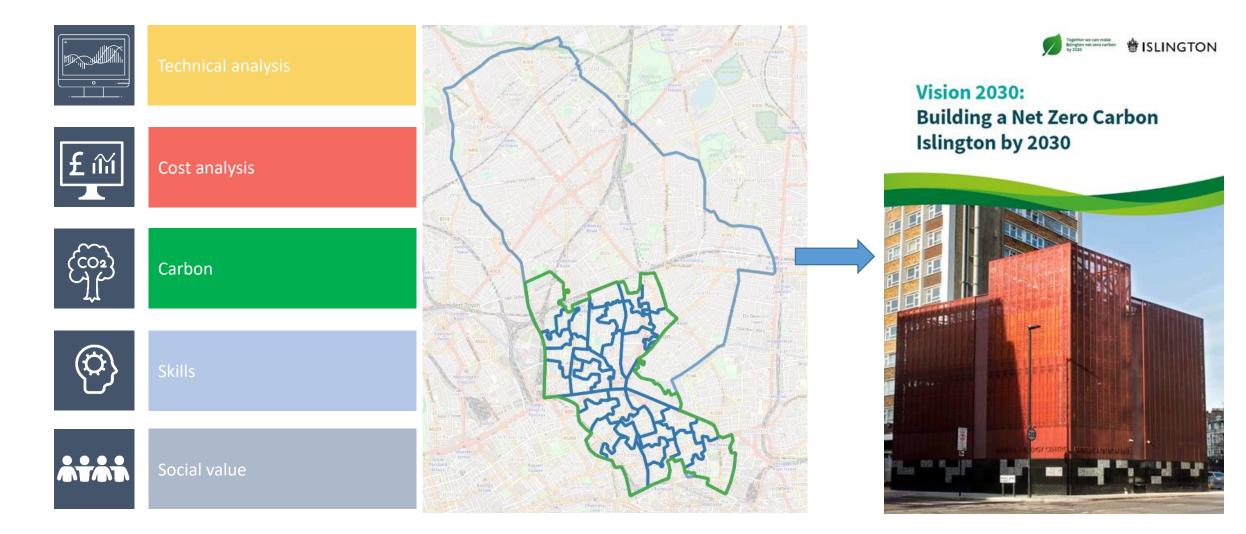
Green Heat Network Fund

Transition Scheme Overview

Supporting the commercialisation of low carbon heat network projects

Version 1.2

THE BIGGER PICTURE IN LBI



West Midlands

Proposed heat network in **Sandwell, West Midlands**:

- Connecting new residential developments & existing domestic and non-domestic buildings
- Heat recovery from a foundry, hospital and supermarket
- Energy storage in the aquifer



3,168 households/ 12,672 people connected locally



£64m investment

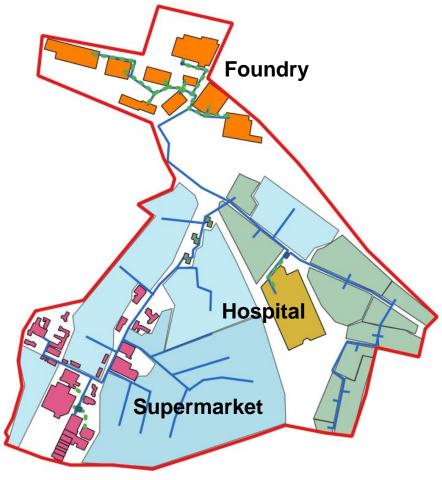


56,923 MWh Low carbon energy supply



25,643 Direct tCO2 reduction after 10-yr

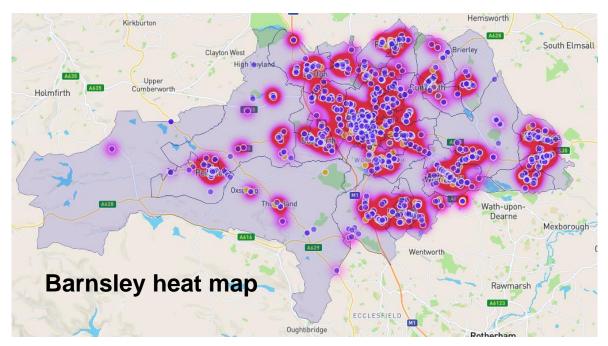
A pathway to Net Zero carbon emissions by 2041 (West Midlands Combined Authority target)

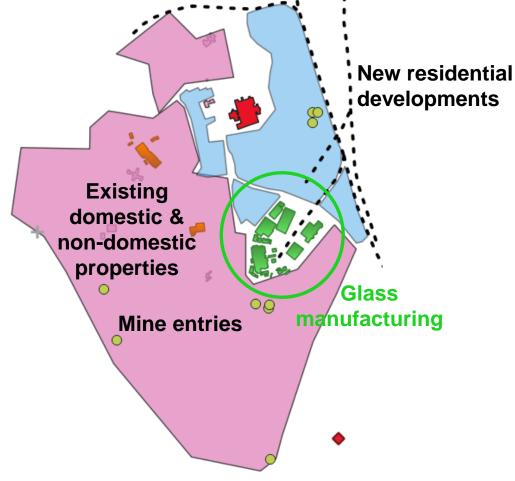


Sheffield

Proposed SLES network in **Barnsley, Sheffield City Region**:

- Connecting new residential developments & existing domestic and non-domestic buildings
- Heat recovery from glass manufacturing
- Energy storage in mine water





WIDER REPLICATION

- 83% of Councils have declared a Climate Emergency to date.
- Around 131 are urban or suburban similar to LBI and have set Net Zero by 2030 or earlier.



greenscies ₂	

GREENSCIES 2 - WIDER REPLICATION - INVESTIGATION OF CLIMATE PLANS FOR LOCAL AUTHORITIES IN THE UK

Local Authority	DEFRA Classificaiton	Population 2018	Area	Estimated Emissions	Fuel Poverty	Declared a Climate	Net Zero Target	Mentions district	Heat decarbonisation plans Reference
-	-	2018 -	-	2018 (ktCO ₂ 👻	2018 (👻	Emergenc 🔻	Year 🔻	scheme 👻	•
Barking and Dagenh	Urban with Major Con	211,998	37.80	552.75	12.3%	Yes	2030	Yes	The council has its own ESCo that has delive https://www.lb
Barnet	Urban with Major Con	392,140	86.75	1,203.95	11.8%	No	N/A	N/A	Although a climate emergency was not declahttps://barnet.r
Bexley	Urban with Major Con	247,258	64.29	791.46	9.0%	No	N/A	N/A	No climate emergency plan, but an environn https://www.be
Brent	Urban with Major Con	330,795	43.23	917.83	13.7%	Yes	2030	Yes	The climate emergency plan states the inten https://www.br
Bromley	Urban with Major Con	331,096	150.13	971.19	8.6%	Yes	2029	No	There is no mention to district heating or he https://data.clir
Camden	Urban with Major Con	262,226	21.79	1,037.07	11.9%	Yes	2030	Yes	The council has experience with heat netwo https://www.ca
City of London	Urban with Major Con	8,706	3.15	716.53	5.5%	Yes	2027	Yes	The plan has a slight mention to district sche https://www.cit
Croydon	Urban with Major Con	385,346	86.49	1,047.04	11.2%	Yes	2030	Yes	With the climate emergency declaration (lin https://www.cr
Ealing	Urban with Major Con	341,982	55.54	1,122.75	12.6%	Yes	2030	Yes	The plan includes objectives to actively https://www.ea
	Under with Major Con	341,362	55.54	1,122.75	12.0%	Tes Nee	2030	Ne e	

https://www.climateemergency.uk/blog/list-of-councils/